Nonlinear and Discrete Optimization—Homework 4

1. (2 points) Consider the optimization problem

 $\min_{x_1, x_2, x_3} e^{x_1 - 1} + e^{-x_1 + 1} + e^{x_2 - 2} + e^{-x_2 + 2} + e^{x_3 - 3} + e^{-x_3 + 3} + (x_1 - 7x_2 + 3x_3)^6$

Write a code in CVX to find the global minimum x^* . Then, write a code that implements the Gradient method with your choice of the backtracking parameters. Draw $|f(x^{(k)}) - f(x^*)|$ verses k for k = 0, 1, 2, ..., 50 on a log-linear plot. Show the trajectory of the points $x^{(0)}, x^{(1)}, ..., x^{(50)}$ in the 3-dimensional (x_1, x_2, x_3) plane.

- 2. (2 point) Redo the previous problem with Newton's method.
- 3. (6 points) Consider the optimization problem

$$\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} \quad -\sum_{i=1}^n \log(4 - x_i^2) - \sum_{i=1}^n \log(2 + a_i^T x)$$

where n = 1250 and $a_i \in \mathbb{R}^n$ are randomly generated vectors. Write a code in CVX to find the global minimum x^* . Then, write a code that implements the Newton's method with the backtracking line search. Draw $|f(x^{(k)}) - f(x^*)|$ versus k for k = 0, 1, ..., 100 on a log-linear plot.